according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Initial preparation date: : 10.24.2014

Orange Fluorescent Dye

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Orange Fluorescent Dye

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: OF2000SS

Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use: Laboratory chemicals

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific, Inc. 860 Gitts Run Road Hanover, PA 17331 1-717-632-1291

Emergency telephone number:

ChemTel: (24-hour)

+1(800)255-3924

+1(813)248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Signal word: None

Hazard statements:

None

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Other Non-GHS Classification: None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:

Ingredients:			
CAS 81-88-9	Rhodamine B	0.3 %	
CAS 7732-18-5	Deionized Water	99.6 %	
CAS 518-47-8	Uranine Powder, 40%	0.1 %	
	•	Percentages are by weight	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation:

Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical assistance if cough or other symptoms appear.

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After skin contact:

Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.

After eye contact:

Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Immediately get medical assistance if irritation occurs.

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation. Nausea. Headache. Shortness of breath.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition. Use water, dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing agents: None

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment:

Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

Additional information (precautions):

Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13. Should not be released into environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal. Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Always obey local regulations. Refer to Section 8. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air. Collect solids in powder form using vacuum with HEPA filter. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Reference to other sections: None

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store away from incompatible materials. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from food and beverages. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Store with like hazards.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection





Control parameters: , , OSHA PEL TWA (Total Dust) 15 mg/m³ (50 mppcf*). , , ACGIH TLV TWA (inhalable particles) 10 mg/m3.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use/handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Normal ventilation is adequate.

Respiratory protection: Not required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment

shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH approved

breathing equipment.

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select

glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear

protective clothing.

Eye protection: Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under

appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and at the end

of work. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Before re-wearing,

wash contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

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Appearance (physical state, color):	Orange liquid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined Not determined	
Odor:	Odorless	Vapor pressure at 20°C:	Not determined	
Odor threshold:	Not determined	Vapor density:	Not determined	
pH-value:	Not determined	Relative density:	0.79 g/cm3	
	Not determined		Soluble in Water	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not determined	
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined	
Evaporation rate:	INIAT ABTERMINEA	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined	
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: Not determined b. Dynamic: Not determined	
Density at 20°C:	Not determined			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

Nonreactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability:

Stable under normal conditions.

Possible hazardous reactions:

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid:

Incompatible Materials. excess heat. Dust generation.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity: No additional information. **Chronic Toxicity**: No additional information.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Rabbit: No skin irritation. 81-88-9 (Rhodamine B).

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Rabbit: Severe eye irritation 81-88-9 (Rhodamine B).

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: : Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (9-(2-Carboxyphenyl)-3,6-bis(diethylamino)xanthylium chloride)

Germ cell mutagenicity: No additional information.

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Reproductive Toxicity: No additional information.

STOT-single and repeated exposure: No additional information.

Additional toxicological information:

No additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 217 mg/l - 96 h, 81-88-9 (Rhodamine B). Invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 22.9 mg/l - 48 h, 81-88-9 (Rhodamine B).

Persistence and degradability:

Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 0.2. **Mobility in soil**: No additional information.

Other adverse effects: No additional information.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

SECTION 14: Transport information

US DOT

UN Number:

ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA Not Regulated.

Limited Quantity Exception: None

Proper shipping Name: Not Regulated.

Bulk: Non Bulk:

RQ (if applicable): None RQ (if applicable): None

Hazard Class: None Hazard Class: None

Packing Group: Not Regulated.

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

Proper shipping Name: Not Regulated.

additional information. additional information.

Comments: None Comments: None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

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SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Chronic

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

81-88-9 C.I. Food Red 15 1.0 % de minimis concentration.

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

None of the ingredients are listed.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

81-88-9 9-(2-Carboxyphenyl)-3,6-bis(diethylamino)xanthylium chloride.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) :

All ingredients are listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

NFPA: 1-0-0 **HMIS**: 1-0-0

GHS Full Text Phrases: None

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

IMDG International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IATA International Air Transport Association.

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

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NPRI

DOT

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NFPA	National Fire Protection Association (USA).
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA).
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
PNEC.	Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations (USA)
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA).
RCRA.	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA).
TSCA.	Toxic Substances Control Act (USA).

National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada).

US Department of Transportation.